

Don't Fail to Read "THE WITCH OF PRAGUE," Crawford's Great Story. It began in the Last SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

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VOL. 42.—NO. 87.

ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 20, 1891.

THE IRISH PARTY.

DILLON AND O'BRIEN WITH THE PARNELLS UNLESS MCGARRY YIELDS.

Liberal Influence Being Exerted Against Any Surrender to Parnell.

TIMOTHY HEALY SAVED FROM MOR VIOLENCE BY FRIENDLY PRIESTS.

Appalling Destitution in London—Irish Boycotters Punished—Spies in the Vatican—Prince Ferdinand to Visit Russia—The Railway Strike in Scotland—Gen. Booth's Scheme—Foreign News.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Dillon and O'Brien are with the Parnellites, unless the McCarthys come to the terms which Dillon and O'Brien have agreed to consider reasonable. Such is the statement to-day put forward by one of the best-informed men in the Irish party. Parnell is willing to resign, but McCarty has not yet given his consent, and by-to-night a decision will be arrived at for peace or for war. The present relations are not favorable for peace, for English Liberal influence is being powerfully brought to bear against anything like a surrender to Parnell. Should the decision be war, Parnell is prepared to take a leading part in the struggle, and to assist the Government if need be, in suppressing men like Healy, whose violence is now turned against himself.

ANOTHER HOME RULE BILL.

The Daily Chronicle (London) says it believes that Mr. Parnell has received assurances from Mr. Gladstone (Gladstone's) intentions regarding another Home rule bill.

O'CONNOR ON THE SITUATION.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—T. P. O'Connor, M. P., for the Scotland division of Liverpool, the only one of the Irish parliamentary delegates remaining in this city, was seen last evening by a reporter who had been sent to him and asked if he had received any definite news of the result of the interview between John Dillon and William O'Brien, regarding the trouble which arises over Parnell's continued leadership.

"I have been advised," replied Mr. O'Connor, "that there are no negotiations, or, course, though I cannot go so far as to say that anything definite has as yet been done."

"Who is standing in the way?"

"I presume some person or persons are standing in the way," was the evasive reply.

"Has Mr. Parnell decided to resign?"

"I do not know whether he has decided to resign or not decided to continue in the leadership."

"When do you expect to hear that the matter has been settled?"

"Not for day or two, at all events."

"And then, what will Dillon and O'Brien do?"

"One of them will probably go to jail and the other will probably return to America to resume the interrupted tour."

HEALY AT MULLINGAR.

P. delivered a lecture yesterday evening at Mullingar, and a riotous scene was the result. A large force of sympathizers with Mr. Parnell gathered outside the hall during the course of the lecture, and threats of violence toward Mr. Healy were freely uttered. When he entered the hall he was greeted with a storm of hoots and yells, and a rush was made by the Parnellites in his direction. Luckily a number of priests who had been present at the meeting interposed themselves between Mr. Healy and the infuriated mob, and this probably enabled that gentleman to escape from a rough handling.

FARNELL'S BLUSTER AND DEFIANCE.

The Express to-day says that judging from Mr. Parnell's bluster and defiance he intends to continue leader of the Irish party, even if he has to become a Fenian. The Express is also of the opinion that Mr. Parnell has dropped constitutional agitation and has become a pure Separatist.

IN SYMPATHY WITH PARNELL.

The Freeman's Journal to-day remarks that it was said that the cities only were Parnellite in their sympathies, but it now appears that the towns are also in sympathy with Mr. Parnell.

THE REOPENING OF PARLIAMENT.

Mr. Parnell in a letter to the Freeman's Journal urges the attendance of the Irish Parliamentary party at the reopening of Parliament, and it is especially important that there be a full attendance of the Irish members when the land purchase bill reaches the committee stage.

Gen. Booth's Scheme.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—Gen. Booth is confident in completing the £100,000 required for his scheme to redeem "Darkest England," next week. He has, therefore, arranged to hold on the 26th a great rally and service in Exeter. It will also be some kind of a service of exultation over the Times and other enemies that have tried to prevent him from getting the money.

THE DESTINATION IN LONDON.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—The destination in London is still unknown. The papers filled with appeals for charitable aid. Thousands of respectable men and women are absolutely without food in their homes.

A GENERAL THAW.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—A general thaw has set in throughout England, to the great relief of thousands of people suffering on account of the recent extreme severity of the weather which has prevailed in Europe. Unhappily the effects of the thaw for some time to come, at least, seem likely to be as disastrous to many poor people as the cold weather they have been complaining of.

CHARLES BRUDNAGH'S ILLNESS.

London, Jan. 20.—The hon. Mr. Charles Brudnagh, the noted free-thinker and member of Parliament for Northampton, does not seem to improve. The latest reports received from his bedside are far from encouraging. Mr. Brudnagh has not been able to sleep since Wednesday last, and is now in a very exhausted condition.

CHILDREN GORED BY A COW.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—While a large number of children were playing in a school ground at Nantwich to-day an infuriated cow charged upon them, tossing some of the air and trampling others under its hoofs. Forty-nine children received more or less serious injuries.

THE RAILWAY STRIKE IN SCOTLAND.

Glasgow, Jan. 20.—It is admitted here that it is useless blinking at the fact that the area of the strike was enlarged considerably yesterday. On Saturday evening it seemed over except the shouting, but Mr. Burns' party mainly induces the Southwestern employers at Hurford to strike and there is little doubt that others will follow the sixty-one defectors, the strikers claim there. The consequences will be serious, including a check to the influx of men accepting employment with the Caledonian and North British companies. Still large manufacturers are conscious that it will be a great mistake for the companies to yield; therefore they will still support them, although they themselves are suffering greatest losses.

SAMUEL GOMPERS IN CANADA.

TORONTO, Ontario, Jan. 20.—At a mass meeting of workmen last evening Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, made a strong appeal for the adop-

tion of the eight-hour movement, especially deplored child labor and pointing out the importance of the movement to the community from the lessening of the hours of toll. Mr. Gompers and Mr. James Duncan of Baltimore came here as a committee to ask the Bricklayers' International Union, now in session, to unite with the Labor Federation.

SUICIDE ON A STEAMER.

VANCOUVER, British Columbia, Jan. 20.—The officers of the steamer Aspinwall, which arrived here from Hong Kong and Yokohama, Sunday, report that F. P. Turner shot and killed himself when the steamer was four days out from this port. Turner is said to be a son of the late Admiral Turner, of the United States Navy, and was born in New York, but had not left America some years ago on account of having killed a cousin in Delaware.

BURNED TO CRISP.

PORT HOPE, Ontario, Jan. 20.—The house occupied by Robert Sharpe was destroyed by fire last night. The family had a narrow escape, Mr. Sharpe being slightly burned, and one of his children was burned to a crisp.

IRISH BOYCOTTERS PUNISHED.

DUBLIN, Jan. 20.—The Government is vigorously suppressing the remains of the plan of campaign. Two men, John Connor and Timothy Sullivan, have been convicted of assaulting the care-taker of an evicted farm in Kent and given twelve months imprisonment. The police in Tipperary have been instructed to act promptly and unsparingly against any one interfering with the returns of men from Barry.

PRINCE FERNAND TO VISIT RUSSIA.

VENICE, Jan. 20.—Prince Ferdinand, heir to the Austrian throne, proposes to visit St. Petersburg early in February, when the Czar will doubtless reciprocate the cordial greeting of the Austrian Emperor to the Czar.

WANT A MAY LABOR DAY.

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throne, proposes to visit St. Petersburg early in February, when the Czar will doubtless reciprocate the cordial greeting of the Austrian Emperor to the Czar.

REVIEW OF THE SOCIALISTS.

DETROIT, Jan. 20.—The Socialists have determined to make another strike in May for May labor holiday and the unfortunate scenes of last year are more than likely to be repeated.

SPIES IN THE VATICAN.

ROME, Jan. 20.—Even Italian adherents of the Holy See are much disappinted by the Pope's action in dismissing the Pope's agents in the Vatican servants at the Vatican. His Holiness has received a hint that it would be for his interest to dismiss the foreigners who have been engaged in the places of the dismissed Italians. The motive for dismissal was said to be that it had come to the knowledge of the Pope that the Italian Government had several spies among the servants in the Vatican.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE SENATE.

SENATOR George Vest's name was presented in the Senate by Senator H. C. Mathews, of Missouri, as a candidate for the office of Postmaster General.

Representative Parsons of St. Louis has a bill which, if passed, will increase the Governor's patronage. It gives the Executive of the State the power to appoint Jury Commissioners for cities of over 10,000 population. This applies only to St. Louis and Kansas City. Parsons also introduced a bill to increase the amount of the state is \$1,000 a day, and that their constituency will not stand a proceeding that is costing them \$4,000 a month for mere bungling. In addition to this, it is understood that the local M. B. A. organizations are evenly divided in the political three-cornered struggle of Missouri's "Little Giant," Senator Peery of Grundy, for the Republican cause, presented Senator Samuel M. Headlee of Greene County. The Speaker cast off Vest's tariff record and waxed eloquent in defending the tariff duties on such articles as produced in Missouri. Headlee was present for Vest and spoke seconding Vest's nomination.

SENATOR R. Steele Ryers of Osage seconded Headlee's nomination and Senators St. Louis, Stephens, Sebesta and Taggart followed in the order named with speeches in favor of Vest. Senator Owen Miller, the solitario Union Labor member of the upper branch of the Assembly, who would not have Vest or Headlee in his. He nominated Orville D. Jones of Knox County, a former member of the Greenback party, and at present a representative of the labor movement. The Senate roll-call resulted in the following vote: Vest, 24; Headlee, 7; Jones, 1; Leonard, 2.

IN THE HOUSE.

The House proceeded to the nomination of candidates for United States Senator at 10 o'clock. The first ballot was taken at 10:15 a.m. and the second at 10:30 a.m. The results were delivered by Speaker Pro-tam Flores and Speaker Tuttle made the seconding address. Tubbs of Osage nominated Senator Headlee and Lane of St. Louis seconded. The Union Labor and independent farmer members presented Hiram M. Johnson of Montgomery County and of Pleasant Leavenworth of Saline. A number of speeches followed and continued until nearly 12 o'clock. The roll was then called with the following result: Vest, 106; Headlee, 25; Leonard, 6.

THE REPUBLICAN SENATORIAL CAUCUS.

The Republican senatorial caucus last evening attended the nomination of the twenty-five minority members of the House. The caucus was held in the small chamber and the doors were thrown open to everybody to watch the proceedings. Senator McGinnis presided, and briefly stated the object of the meeting. It was understood in advance that the complimentary vote of the minority would be given to State Senator Sam W. Headlee of Greene County, who is a farmer and a member of the Farmers' Alliance, and his nomination created quite a stir.

It was agreed that Aydelott of Warren County would insist on his resolution to endorse Senator Ingalls of Kansas, but he had nothing whatever to say on the subject when nominations were deferred to Senator Headlee. Senator McGinnis, ex-Lient. Gov. E. O. Standard, ex-Governor William Warner and A. C. Dawes of St. Joseph, who occupies an official position in the C. B. & Q. Railway Co., were named. Senator McGinnis presented Senator Standard and Representative Tom Morris, who performed the same service for McGinnis. The vote on roll call stood Headlee, 20; McGinnis, 7; Standard, 4; Warner, 1, and Dawes 1. Senator Headlee's nomination was then made unanimous and after selecting speakers to present his name to the Senate the caucus adjourned.

THE ALLIANCE CAUCUS.

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KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 20.—Special to the Star from Topeka says: The Alliance legislators met in caucus last night and demonstrated their ability to get together when occasion demanded. There was the usual mystery, so far as the Kansas heads surrounding it all, but at 10 o'clock five of the leaders announced that F. H. Snow had received forty-nine votes, and had been declared the caucus nominee for State Printer.

He is a resident of Benton and a voter in the Twenty-seventh Ward. Carlisle first became prominent in local politics in Moran Boland's race for Sheriff. Boland was a popular Police Sergeant and resigned to make the race. Carlisle was then elected to succeed him.

He was elected to the Legislature in 1876 and again in 1878. He was chosen to represent the 1st district in 1880 and 1882. He was re-elected in 1884 and 1886. He was a member of the 45th Legislature.

THE NEW RECORDER.

James L. Carlisle, the new Recorder of Voters, has just surrendered the Chairmanship of the Democratic City Committee and is still Jury Commissioner.

He is a resident of Benton and a voter in the Twenty-seventh Ward. Carlisle first became prominent in local politics in Moran Boland's race for Sheriff. Boland was a popular Police Sergeant and resigned to make the race.

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THE MERZ CO. GOT IT.

The Dead Animal Contract Awarded This Afternoon.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 20.—The Evanston Cooperative Housekeeping Association, operated on the plans of Edw. Bellamy, made an assignment yesterday, its liabilities being \$4,000 or \$500 in excess of its assets. The latter consists of a lot of cooking utensils and a number of finely-preserved delivery wagons. The association fed the poor at a price of 25¢ per week, children half price.

FREE TRADE ADVOCATES.

There is a strong cut-and-dry free traders in the House who occasionally make things lively with a resolution endorsing that doctrine. Representative Julian of Kansas City is the recognized leader of this contingent and he has a faculty of "resolutin'" whenever an opportunity presents itself. It was agreed that Aydelott of Warren County would insist on his resolution to endorse Senator Ingalls of Kansas, but he had nothing whatever to say on the subject when nominations were deferred to Senator Headlee.

Advices from St. Petersburg state that the Russian Government has determined to dismiss all the Swedish officers from the Finnish military forces and put Russians in their place.

THE VISCOUNT FOLKSTONE.

Earl Radnor, son and heir of the Earl of Folkestone, was married to-day in Trinity Church to Miss Julian Balfour.

AN ENGLISH COMPANY HAS UNDERTAKEN THE AUSTRIAN LIQUID AIR IN THE ADRIATIC AND LEVANT.

ILLINOIS ITEMS.

Coo-Operative Housekeeping a Failure.

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THE TEMPERANCE CAMPAIGN.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 20.—The temperature received a big boom here. Dr. B. N. Wood, a war veteran, lectured before the whisky traffic. The doctor says that his brother, who was once one of Decatur (Ill.)'s prominent attorneys, is now a slave to the demon, and that his family are actually suffering for the necessities of life.

BLIND ELOPERS ARRESTED.

CHICAGO, Ill., Jan. 20.—August Kopp and Mrs. Henry Van Pelt have been arrested here and held to bail pending a hearing. It is charged that they eloped from a little town in Belgium, Kopp having a wife and six children and Mrs. Van Pelt a husband and five children.

THE BLANCHARD ANNIVERSARY.

WEATON, Ill., Jan. 20.—In the college chapel last evening the eightieth anniversary of the birthday of Rev. Jonathan Blanchard, ex-president of Wheaton College, president emeritus of Wheaton College, etc., was appropriately celebrated. Many letters of congratulation from prominent educators were received.

WHEN IT COMES TO CITY CIRCULATION THE POOR DISPATCH LEADS THEM ALL.

VEST RE-ELECTED.

The General Assembly of Missouri Gives Him Another Term.

HEADLEE, JONES AND LEONARD GET THE VOTES OF THE MINORITY.

The

felt very faint at times but did not let it be known to any one as I am so acquainted with the Indians that I know it best to keep my mouth shut about it.

I knew to take a gun from an Indian was almost dear life, well I shall tell you my sight on the next morning.

Roused bright and early to see all of our enemies were in full array you can bet they were about as full as a goose. I mean mischiefs they were on it, yes, or it worse than a tag on good to bad, you ought to bet they stayed on it if I mean layed dead on the ground by force night, well I mean no more than that there play on a tell count stings in a dim mastin.

they would shoot and shoot and got shot but not very bad as to consider the gang there were 5 soldiers to one Indian.

DISARMING THE BAND.

but they had no time that the band would have played in full house, as their pilot was on the 20 of dec. 1890, about half of the mounted soldiers mounted surrounded the Indian village then maj white side had the interpreter to call all of the backs out to hold a little council and that they were going to disarm them but they had no time to do so, but after they had taken all of their arms from them that he would send for some rations and give to them.

they all came out very nicely and set in a circle with their blankets behind their backs, then the major went around for three companies and dismounted and form an angle around the backs which was completed to command them. He asked them how many of you are willing to give up your guns?

when two stepped forward and gave up their guns

then 19 more came to the front and said we havent any guns but if we had they would be for you if you want them.

In the meanwhile several Lieutenants and captors were going through their village taking guns bows and war clubs, which was a very bad time for any one to be seen after they stopped fooling with the squaws and came back talking and making remarks about what nice guns and things they had in camp and returning to the diamond or trying to run off foot they made a remark that we are all right now when one of the sergeants said

are you not going to search the other gang who are going through those foolish motions, they were just having a flying time with the medicine man at work, one said it wont take long to do a way with such few soldiers.

At that moment they began to search the other band they began

the first was a young man aged 17 named his dog

they raised up his blanket to take his gun when he shot and threw up a handful of dust

his left hand was cut off in the Indians war

the soldiers said when the boy his dog, shot it was fowled by all of the rest of the Indians each bringing their man.

I was in between the soldiers & the reds & never got a scratch.

I had a gun revolver but I did have a good bullet of carbine cartridges.

I stayed like a little boy stuck in tar.

I had to stay for I could not move.

I have heard people say that they have been so scared that their heart was in their mouth, I really was scared that I thought my whole stomach was in my mouth,

when the ambulance team came right straight in to the battle and up set the ambulance.

I heard people saying that they never lost any Indians you can bet I never lost any but we did go to either nor the worst of it was I didnt want any either.

you can bet your boots.

Well the fight lasted half an hour be fore the hotiss guns commenced and when it did commence it threw Indians soldiers horses squaws and hard tack that was a bad time for any one to be seen

but you must rember that the squaws were running with their ponies and the soldiers after them just after eating hard tack crackers.

at about half past 5 o'clock we all pull for Pine Ridge what I mean by we all those who were left a Live and some wounded.

the most peculiar case I ever saw was a priest by the name of father craft

he was caring an Indian for rescue in his arms when his nobl arm man stab him in the shoulder and fled to get more blood but got left.

well I am a catholic myself but what is the difference when a man is at wa especially as young as I am and my nationality be sie aught to be thought of

I will leave my self out and stay with the battle.

we got home at midnight and when reaching the agency there was not an Indian in the country.

they had all left for the ghost Dancers.

the next morning I a rose bright and early because it was cold I felt kind as I always do in cold weather.

THE ATTACK ON THE SUPPLY TRAIN.

The officers of the First Infantry tell some terrible tales of Apache cruelty. One of their favorite torments is to strip their captives and bind them tightly to a huge cactus. On one occasion they attacked a ranch and killed all its defenders except one man, and five children. The man was lassoed and bound the children were tied to the cactus and the women were forced to strip and crawl into the bushes.

Mr. Mills: "You are a traitor yourself, to the constitutional laws."

FUNERAL OF GEORGE BANCROFT.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—The funeral of George Bancroft, 75, former Secretary of State, was held this morning at 11 o'clock at St. John's Episcopal Church, opposite Lafayette Square and was attended by a large and most distinguished gathering.

THE SENATE.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—Mr. Farwell, one of the half dozen senators who have been absent for some weeks in connection with the subject of re-election, was in his seat when the Senate met to-day.

The Senate, on motion of Mr. Aldrich, took up the closure rule by a viva voce vote.

THE MONETARY COMMISSION.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 20.—The Finance Committee of the Senate yesterday directed a favorable report to be made upon the nominations of Nathaniel P. Hill of Colorado, Lambert Tree of Illinois and W. A. Russell of Massachusetts to be commissioners to consider the establishment of an international coin or money recommended by the International Conference.

THE SHAW SCHOOL.

Work of Repairing It Commenced Immediately—Disposition of Pupils.

The fire had scarcely been extinguished at the Shaw School yesterday when artisans were on their way out there to repair the damage done the building.

President of the Board Miller, Superintendent of Construction Singleton and Secretary of the Board Player were notified of the fire shortly after it started and lost no time in getting together a necessary committee to plan the building in proper condition for the reception of pupils.

Ordinarily the Building Committee would have passed upon the question of repairing the building, but in a case of emergency, as this was, the general manager, namely, consulted Mr. John W. O'Connell, the chairman of the committee, and got his permission to go right ahead with the work.

Before 1:30 p. m. men were on their way out to the building and it will be ready for the reception of pupils Monday evening.

It is not to be argued at all that the school will not cost more than \$600 or \$700 at the outside to repair the building. In the meantime the pupils will remain at home, as the Grand View School, the only one at convenient, is already overcrowded.

SUIT OVER CORN COB PIPES.

H. Tibbe & Son Manufacturing Co. filed an suit in equity in the United Circuit Court to-day against H. Lampster of St. Charles, Mo. The plaintiffs have a corn cob factory in Washington, and claim to be owners of a patent for making corn cob pipes which the defendant, they claim, is imitating.

They want damages and an injunction.

A BOY RUN OVER AND KILLED.

George Pfeiffer, 10 years old, and residing with his parents at 124 Franklin avenue, was run over and fatally injured this afternoon shortly after 12 o'clock by car No. 9 in charge of Wm. Hart, conductor, and Nellie Peterson, motor man, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third on Wash street.

The Board of Health met at 1 o'clock this afternoon and awarded the dead animal equit to the St. Louis Reduction Co. None of the passengers were hurt.

AN INCIDENT OF WOUNDED KNEE—HOW CAPTIVES ARE TORTURED.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Jan. 20.—The Chase-peake & Ohio vestibule train No. 4 eastbound, was wrecked at Winfield last night. An oblique switch overturning the engine. The train switch caught fire and burned. Engines Edwards and Fireman Cundiff were seriously injured. None of the passengers were hurt.

PRACTICED FRAUD.

ROGER Q. MILLS' CHARGE AGAINST THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE.

THE TEXAN INTIMATES THAT MCKINLEY IS NOT A MAN OF HONOR.

Speaker Reed Remains Calm Throughout the Exciting Proceedings—Throughout the Troubles Caused by a Motion by Mr. Bland of Missouri—Senate and House Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—In continuation of the policy of the Democratic side of the House made manifest yesterday Mr. Bland demanded the reading of the journal in full, after the clerk had concluded the reading, Mr. Bland made the point that the journal had not been read in full, and demanded that the description of the various executive communications, resolutions, bills and petitions be read.

The speaker directed the clerk to read this portion of the journal which is ordinarily omitted. This reading consumed the time until 1 o'clock.

The speaker having stated the question to be on the approval of the journal and having counted and stated the affirmative vote, Mr. Mills of Texas, rising to a Parliamentary inquiry, asked whether the proper question was not on ordering the previous question.

This inquiry was based on the fact that when the clerk had finished reading the first part of the journal (the portion usually read), Mr. McKinley demanded that the speaker read the portion of the journal in question, and accused him of practicing a fraud on the House.

Those who survived expressed the greatest bitterness against the medicine man, and approved the action of the young warrior.

DAKOTA INDIAN WARFARE.

No one who has witnessed the warfare, and I believe it was dead at the time the Indians were captured, and I believe it was him who was captured and I believe he was captured.

He put his hand inside his shirt, drew a butcher knife, and before we knew what he was about had plunged it four times into the body of the medicine man. He was so weak that he could not make the slightest effort to defend himself, and accused him of being him right, it was all his fault.

That served him right, it was all his fault, and he got us all killed." Shortly afterwards the young savage breathed his last. On inquiry from the wounded we learned that the medicine man had assured the Indians that they fire on us at his signal, and that he had done his duty.

The plot was concocted on the completed night. He said that he had bewitched the Indians and that they would not shoot straight.

Those who survived expressed the greatest bitterness against the medicine man, and approved the action of the young warrior.

MR. MILLIS DEFENSED BY MILLS.

Mr. Mills said he desired to debate the question of approval of the journal, but the speaker declined to recognize him. The storm then burst. Mr. Mills, very much excited, strode down the aisle and shaking his fist at the speaker, vigorously demanded that he be allowed to speak.

"You are perpetrating a fraud on the House," he thundered, "and you know it."

His party colleagues burst into a thunder of applause and cheers, and gathered around the speaker.

The speaker was immovable, and amid the uproar requested those opposed to his approving the journal to rise. He counted "one two, three" and announced the motion carried—97 to 8. The yeas and nays were demanded by the Democrats, and as the Clerk proceeded to call the roll, Mr. Mills again accused the speaker of perpetrating a fraud upon the House.

Referring to Mr. McKinley he said: "We did not expect the gentleman from Ohio to lend himself to such a proceeding, for we believe him an honorable gentleman, and we know that he (indicating the speaker) was not."

Mr. P. F. P. E. called out sarcastically: "He (indicating Mills) is a gentleman."

Mr. Allen of Mississippi: "That's more than can be said of some persons on the other side."

The clerk went on calling the roll and Mr. Mills, ignoring him, proceeded substantially as follows: "You do not dare to go before the country with such a revolutionary measure as you are proposing. You are perpetrating a fraud on the House," he thundered, "and you know it."

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A NOTABLE WEDDING.

MARRIAGE OF MISS EULALIE SPECHT TO MR. THEODORE ALVARO MOREY.

The Ceremony to Be Performed at 7 O'Clock This Evening by Rev. Dr. Masden at the Specht Mansion—The Governor's Ball.

The leading society event of the day will be the marriage of Miss Eulalie Merton Specht, the pretty young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Specht, to Mr. Theodore Alvaro Morey, of this city. The ceremony will be performed at 7 o'clock at the family residence on Pine street by Rev. Dr. Masden of the Union Methodist Episcopal Church, in the presence of only a small company of near relatives and intimate friends, and will be followed by a brilliant reception, to which hundreds of guests have been invited. There is no house in the city more admirably adapted to an entertainment on a large scale than the Specht mansion, with its spacious corner parlors, drawing-room, dining-room and music-room, and suite of dining-rooms, all so arranged as to be thrown together and with their superb furnishing present a scene of magnificence rarely ever presented in a private house. The floral decorations are not only elaborate, but very artistic in every detail, and the entire apartment everywhere and vases of roses fill the air with fragrance. The mantelpieces are all banked with ferns and pink and white roses, and in the salons has been erected a white canopy lined with similar pink bloom, the delicate white flowers emitting a fragrant floral odor.

This canopy, which extends across the entire room, is divided into three sections. At each end it is studded with pink roses, and the center is formed entirely of white camellias. Large fleur de lis, bows framing a picture of the grand staircase at the back will present a perfect picture as the bridal party descend, for it has been garlanded from top to bottom with similar studded with pink and white roses and camellias, the newest posies of crimson and yellow feathers palms. At the bottom the musicians will be stationed in a bower of green, lighted by fairy lamps. In the dining-room will be presented another fairy scene. The color scheme is pink and white. In the center of the table has a carpet of pink and white roses, filled with Harris' lilies upon a triangular rose of ferns. At each end there will be a triangular arrangement of fairy lamps shaded with pink silk and lace, and broad pink ribbons crossing the table diagonally will complete the unique arrangement. Peacock feathers will be the cover for the supper, which will be served in courses, the ice in hearts and cups.

The bride, a pretty, sprightly girl, will wear a superb wedding robe, the long court train made of many yards of richly embroidered canton crepe bordered with a deep fringe, falling over a ruffe of lace which lines the train. The front is veiled entirely by silk mull, held in place at the bottom with a deep fringe, the whole garlanded with jessamine and lilies of the valley. The pointed collar is of the embroidery, cut a trifle low, with the throat, and made with long puffed sleeves falling over the hand in deep ruffles of lace. She will wear no gloves, and will carry a large bunch of white hyacinths.

Over all will hang exquisite bridal veils, decked in a deep border of white hyacinths. Her bridesmaids, Miss Daisy Eyll, Miss Grace Gould, Miss Lettie Tyndall and Miss Florence Whiting of Providence, R. I., will all be gowned in charming frocks of rose-colored muslin, done, sole with white satin and lace compare with such structures as have been built in other cities. It was stated as a matter of comparison that the Union Depot at Indianapolis cost over \$800,000. This work was denoted on behalf of the St. Louis Union Depot people, with the additional statement that the Indianapolis depot cost only \$40,000, and that this city being of vastly greater importance than the Indiana town, demanded and should have a very much finer depot than the one over there. This controversy led to an appointment committee to make a trip of inspection to Indianapolis, where all the facts as to the dimensions, style and cost of the Union Depot at that place could be readily obtained, and used here before the City Council, as an application, by way of a committee, of the kind of a Union Depot we should have. It is admitted that St. Louis should have. It is admitted that St. Louis has an important railway terminal point it demands a much larger and finer building than Indianapolis. However, to decide the point in dispute—the cost of the Indianapolis depot—was the following resolution: "That we do not hesitate to say that a great deal more than \$40,000 was expended upon it. This afternoon they will meet with members of the City Council at 3 o'clock, when it is anticipated that an amicable decision as to the dimensions and cost of the new depot will be arrived at definitely."

55.75. St. Louis to Chicago. \$5.75.
VIA
RED EXPRESS OF
J. S. E. LINE AND SANTA FE ROUTE.
Ticket offices, 101 North Broadway and Union Depot.

ABOUT TOWN.

John E. Jumper sent \$5 to police head-quarters yesterday, to be used in the relief of the destitute of the city.

A small fire about 9 o'clock last night in Henry Mehlig's furnished room house at 401 South Fourth street damaged property and personal effects to the amount of \$30.

NO ILLUSIVE NAME nor inconsistent claim or statements are attached to Salvation Oil.

A Militia Officer Found Drowned.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 20.—Capt. Thomas F. Maloney, commander of the City Gray Company D, Eighth Regiment, F. G. 6, was found drowned in the Susquehanna River beneath the Cumberland Valley Railroad bridge, this morning. Capt. Maloney was born in the State April 1, 1862, a young military man. His company will have the right of the line in to-day's inauguration parade.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Damsell have gone to Ohio to attend the golden wedding of Mr. Damsell's father and mother.

Mrs. George Brady, and her cousin, Miss Jessie Brady, entertained the West End Euchre Club Friday evening. An elegant reception followed.

The supper party given last Saturday by Mr. Francis Kuhn at his residence on Sidney

street in honor to M. le Comte Henry de Thurg, on the occasion of his departure for a trip around the world, was a most brilliant affair.

A very pleasant theater party was given Saturday afternoon to see Jefferson and Florence in their new play, "Her at Law."

Among those present were Misses Jessie Stone, Nettie Wilson, Nell Hough, Katherine and Julia Sarr, Salle, Mary and Rose Thompson.

On Friday last Miss Lina Schlesstein gave a very pleasant kaffee to quite a number of her friends. The whole spacious house was thrown open to her friends and the tables were beautifully decorated and filled with vienneries and delicacies of the season. All spent a lovely afternoon with their entertainers.

Mr. F. Kuhn entertained a number of his friends Saturday night at his residence, 1221 Sidney street, in honor of Compte de Thury previous to the count's departure for Europe. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. Nicoud, Mr. and Mrs. Seguenot, Mr. T. A. Loguettes, Mrs. Loguettes, Dr. May and Violet Kuhn, Mrs. Schimpff and others.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Gloris entertained the Elizabeth Club at progressive euchre on Saturday, Jan. 17. The first lady's prize was won by Mrs. J. H. Dieckman; second, Mrs. Louis Schulze, and the third by Mrs. Merten. The four gentlemen's prize was won by Mr. Dalmatius, the second by Mr. Geo. Mueller, and the third by J. H. Kupferle.

Miss Clara E. Laumer, daughter of the late H. H. and Mrs. C. Laumer, will be married next Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 21, to Mr. Otto Voelker, a well-known commission merchant of this city. The ceremony will be performed at 4 o'clock at Rev. Eberhard in the presence of relatives. A brilliant reception will follow from 8 until 11 o'clock at the residence of the bride's mother on Thomas street.

The Holly gave one of their elegant parties at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Ochsner on Thursday evening. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. John W. Obermeier, Miss Little Obermeier, Mrs. Ben Many, Mrs. James W. Metcalfe, Miss Lydia Gruner, Miss Genevieve Richardson, Miss Lucile De Young, Missabel Giers, Miss Anna Ratchen, Miss Anna Andrie, Mrs. Mary Marshall, Miss Bell, Mrs. Anna Sieve of Chicago, Miss Eva Dunken, Miss Marie Tilton of Chicago, Miss Fredrich, Miss Rose Stebers, Miss Emma Seers of Chicago, Miss Emma Thompson, Miss Cecile Winkelmann and Miss May Ulrich, Messrs. Ed Obermeier, Chas. Obermeier, George M. Mucke, Frank Bailey of Chicago, Wallace King of Chicago, Bay Willard of Chicago, Fred Scherer, George Rielman, Wm. Stewart, J. Lindsay, L. Bosco, Wm. Meek, Chas. Thompson, Ernest Cramer, Chas. Ehernhart, Ferdinand Frohard and George Meyers.

VISITING CARDS.

We only charge \$1.50 for 1000 cards and engraved copper plate.

WEDDING INVITATIONS.

We execute the finest; our prices the lowest.

MERMOD & JACCORD JEWELRY CO., Broadway and Locust.

Samples mailed on application.

MADE A TRIP TO INDIANAPOLIS.

Mercantile Club Committee Inspects the Depot at That Place.

The Mercantile Club has taken an active interest in securing the new Union Depot and several meetings have been held by the membership with a view to shaping legislation favorable not only to the railroads, but for the best interests of the city, also.

At these meetings an idea became current that St. Louis was not going to be provided with a depot which would not only compare with such structures as have been built in other cities. It was stated as a matter of comparison that the Union Depot at Indianapolis cost over \$800,000. This work was denoted on behalf of the St. Louis Union Depot people, with the additional statement that the Indianapolis depot cost only \$40,000, and that this city being of vastly greater importance than the Indiana town, demanded and should have a very much finer depot than the one over there. This controversy led to an appointment committee to make a trip of inspection to Indianapolis, where all the facts as to the dimensions, style and cost of the Union Depot at that place could be readily obtained, and used here before the City Council, as an application, by way of a committee, of the kind of a Union Depot we should have. It is admitted that St. Louis should have. It is admitted that St. Louis has an important railway terminal point it demands a much larger and finer building than Indianapolis. However, to decide the point in dispute—the cost of the Indianapolis depot—was the following resolution: "That we do not hesitate to say that a great deal more than \$40,000 was expended upon it. This afternoon they will meet with members of the City Council at 3 o'clock, when it is anticipated that an amicable decision as to the dimensions and cost of the new depot will be arrived at definitely."

Mrs. Specht will wear a very elegant gown of deep rose and brocade combined, with garniture of gold-jeweled passementerie and duchess lace and diamonds.

Mrs. Hortense Ritter, grandmother of the bride, will wear black gros-grain and crepe lace.

Mrs. J. H. Clements, aunt of the bride, will wear silver gray faille with duchess lace and diamonds.

Never had a bride a more elegant array of wedding presents. From her father she received the deed to a handsome house, No. 1044, West Pine street; from Mr. and Mrs. V. P. Ritter, she received a complete chest of solid silver; from her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Clements, she received a dinner service of silver repoussé lined with gold, and from the employees of the clothing department, of the kind of a Union Depot we should have. It is admitted that St. Louis should have. It is admitted that St. Louis has an important railway terminal point it demands a much larger and finer building than Indianapolis. However, to decide the point in dispute—the cost of the Indianapolis depot—was the following resolution: "That we do not hesitate to say that a great deal more than \$40,000 was expended upon it. This afternoon they will meet with members of the City Council at 3 o'clock, when it is anticipated that an amicable decision as to the dimensions and cost of the new depot will be arrived at definitely."

Mr. and Mrs. Morey will leave in the morning for a short time and return to their parents for the remainder of the season.

The Governor's Ball.

The ball which will be given this evening by Gov. and Mrs. D. R. Francis celebrating the fifteenth anniversary of their wedding will be a very elegant affair and will be attended by numerous social leaders and distinguished people from all over the State. The florists have been busy all day converting the Executive Mansion into a floral bower for the reception of the guests. The large bay window in the parlor has been walled up with palm and curtained with many elaborate, the dining-room showing out admirably the idea of the crystal celebration and the color scheme. Over the table, which is quite long, are suspended two crystal chandeliers, sashed with pink feur de lis bows and impaled with ribbons. From each chandelier is suspended by pink ribbons four cut-glass bowls, each filled with pink roses, from the canopy is suspended a large marriage bell of pink roses, upon which is formed with white roses the numbers 1876-1891. Beneath this bell the Governor and wife will stand to receive their guests. All over the room the decorations are very elaborate, the dining-room showing out admirably the idea of the crystal celebration and the color scheme. The center piece for the table, about five feet long and six feet high, is a large arrangement of pink roses, with crystal rose bowls filled with pink roses, in the center a tall vase sashed with pink, and out of the top showing a crystal vase filled with Baroness Rothschild roses and Harris' lilies. All of the lights in crystal candlesticks are shaded with pink. A large carpet will be laid on the floor about 200 hundred guests. Two bands of music will render choice selections for the promenade and dance. Among the guests who went up from St. Louis this morning were Mr. and Mrs. Perry, Mr. and Mrs. Luther Clegg, Miss Mizie Conn, Miss Eliza Wherry, Miss Minnie Moore, Miss Florence and Fanta Hayward, Misses Lucy and Ann Carter Wickham and Mrs. Lou Perry.

SOCIETY NOTES.

Sample "bon bons" given away Wednesday between 11 and 2. Flows, 62 Olive street.

Miss May Ford, New Orleans, will visit Florida before her return to St. Louis.

W. A. Cockrell, wife and little daughter, Fannie, left Sunday for Lincoln, Neb., to be absent several weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Damsell have gone to Ohio to attend the golden wedding of Mr. Damsell's father and mother.

Mrs. George Brady, and her cousin, Miss Jessie Brady, entertained the West End Euchre Club Friday evening. An elegant reception followed.

The supper party given last Saturday by Mr. Francis Kuhn at his residence on Sidney

St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Tuesday, January 20, 1891.

COME DOWN
TO-MORROW AND
STOP FRANK
BROTHERS READAt the Greatest Closing Out Sale ever held in St. Louis.
GOING OUT OF BUSINESS
The Entire Stock Must Be Sold, Regardless of Cost or Value.

Cloak Department.

Ladies' Plush Saucers, in sizes 32 and 34, worth \$30.

Closing-Out Price, \$18

Ladies' Suits, in black all-wool Cashmere, stylish garments, which we have been selling at \$9.

Closing-Out Price, \$4.50

30 Ladies' English Diagonal Beaver Jackets, worth \$4.50.

Reduced to \$1.75

141 Ladies' English Cheviot Reefer Jackets, worth \$6.

Reduced to \$3

200 Children's Gretchen Cloaks, sizes from 4 years to 6 years, assorted styles, were \$4 to \$6 each; will give them away.

At \$1.68 Each

27 Children's Gretchen Cloaks, handsome Plaid Beaver, sizes 4 to 8, regular prices from \$5 to \$8.

All at \$3.65

250 Gent's Silk Bowls, Cut Price..... 5c

\$1.00 Gent's Black Silk Suspender, Cut Price..... 48c

50 Ladies' fine Imported Hose, Cut Price..... 27c

15c Gent's Boys' Blouse Waists, all-wool, lace front, Cut Price..... 73c

25 Gent's fine Silk Umbrellas, with silk cover; natural stick, Cut Price..... 99c

\$4.37 Gent's Jersey Office Jack-ets, Cut Price..... \$2.18

\$4.65 Ladies' All-Wool Combination Suits, Cut Price..... \$2.25

DOMESTIC DEPT.

At 31 Cents.

A big lot of Shirting Prints, worth 6c.

At 5 Cents.

All of our best Standard Prints and Ottomans, worth \$3/4 and 10c.

At 54 Cents.

Good heavy Unbleached Canton Flannel, worth \$1/4c.

At 31 Cents.

Apron Check Gingham, worth 6c.

Reduced to \$1.75

141 Ladies' English Cheviot Reefer Jackets, worth \$6.

Reduced to \$3

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THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

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By the week (delivered by carrier)..... 1.50
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Average, 29,905.

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Average, 44,355.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 20, 1891.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

OPERA—Mr. and Mrs. Kendall.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Aunt Jack."

POPE'S—Geo. Thatcher's Minstrels.

STANDARD—Ada Ray's Vaudeville Co.,
Havlin's—Geo. Thatcher's Minstrels.

MATINEE TO-MORROW.

OPERA—Mr. and Mrs. Kendall.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Aunt Jack."

POPE'S—Geo. Thatcher's Minstrels.

STANDARD—Ada Ray's Vaudeville Co.

WEATHER FORECAST.

WEATHER forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a.m. to-day, for Missouri: Fair; warmer in Eastern portion, stationary temperature in Western; westerly winds.

WEATHER forecast for twenty-four hours, beginning at 8 a.m. to-day, for St. Louis: Fair; warmer.

THE KANSAS ALLIANCE appears to be divided on everything except opposition to INGALLS.

IT really a bargain for the city which some of the Councilmen are fighting so hard for in the Union Depot ordinance?

THE JURY COMMISSIONERSHIP bill contains the most disgraceful proposition that could be submitted to a State Legislature by a Chief Executive.

THE contest between two old war horses and a dark horse for the Illinois Senatorship, which has commenced in earnest, promises to be lively.

THE death of Chief MANY TAILS has caused sincere regret, but no outbreak of grief has been occasioned by the political demise of Chief Heap Talk of New Hampshire.

WHEN the Legislature adopts a law to restrain the geese of the State, care should be taken to make it broad enough to cover all kinds of geese, feathered and featherless.

WE invite the attention of Missourians to the spectacle of a Governor having a special law passed in order that he may reward two henchmen with important offices.

IS THE present Legislature of Missouri willing to endorse the pernicious and dangerous theory that the laws shall be changed to suit the political plans of the governor?

REPRESENTATIVE DALTON has struck a promising lead in the subject of corporation taxation. The equalization of railroad assessments, especially, is a needed act of justice to other Missouri taxpayers.

THE POST-DISPATCH's opinion of the appointment of JAMES L. CARLISLE as Recorder of Voters for this city does not interfere with its duty as the best newspaper in St. Louis of giving the people the first news of it.

THE suit brought in this city to test the constitutionality of the McKinley bill may not only determine the propriety of that measure, but the possibility of carrying out Mr. BLAINE's reciprocity scheme. BLAINE is in danger of being sadly hampered in his vaulting statesmanship by the courts.

THE bill providing for the appointment of a Jury Commissioner in this city by the Governor invokes the emergency clause of the constitution. It is undoubtedly surprising to citizens of Missouri to learn that the State Constitution makes provision for emergencies which may arise in the affairs of a political boss.

GEN. FRANCIS A. WALKER's analysis of our various censuses shows that, while the negro population has increased continuously, its ratio of increase has not kept pace with that of the white population, to which immigration has added so largely. The proportion of negroes to whites has decreased considerably in every decennial

period except the one covered by the census of 1810. The percentage of negroes in our population has ranged as follows: 1790, 19.8; 1800, 18.9; 1810, 19; 1820, 18.4; 1830, 18.1; 1840, 18.8; 1850, 15.7; 1860, 14.1; 1870, 13.4; 1880, 13.1. One-fifth of our population belonged to the negro element a hundred years ago and now but little over one-eighth.

ANOTHER MACHINE GRAB.

The publication of the Parker bill to take the appointment of a Jury Commissioner for St. Louis from the Circuit Court Judges and give it to the Governor confirms what the POST-DISPATCH said on Monday about the Governor's desire to control the office of Jury Commissioner in this city, and to annex it, as well as the Recordship of Voters and the Police Department, to his political machine.

That bill is a bit of special legislation of the most perniciously partisan character. It is a bare-faced attempt to divest St. Louis people of the home-rule privilege and subject her affairs and her local politics to the personal dictation of the man to whom she is indebted for the most scandalous appointment that ever disgraced a city office. It means the perversion of our jury laws by a gang of local bosses controlled by railroad and bridge politicians. The alleged farmer who votes for it will make himself the purblind tool of the very kind of politics he went to Jefferson City to fight.

The appointment of Jury Commissioner was put into the hands of the Circuit Judges on purpose to remove the office as far as possible from political influence, and the only assignable reason for the proposed change is that the Circuit Judges of St. Louis, elected for their character and qualifications rather than for their political affiliations, are now so evenly divided between parties that no mere partisan or personal tool is likely to get the appointment. There never was a time when the appointment was to be made by the Circuit Judges under safer conditions and better auspices than at present, and at least three-fourths of our people, Democrats and Republicans, would rather trust the Judges than any political boss with the appointment of a Jury Commissioner.

THE principal and teachers of the Shaw School deserve high praise for their admirable conduct upon the discovery of the fire which destroyed the building yesterday. By their coolness and presence of mind a panic was averted and 200 pupils were marched out of the building in such an orderly manner that not one suffered the slightest injury. An emergency of this kind proves the qualities of teachers and the discipline of pupils. It demonstrates the value of drill and training in preparation for.

GOV. MARMADUKE gave St. Louis an honest and fearlessly conscientious Recorder of Voters in Maj. WILLIAMS if any city ever had one. He had a regular Augoe stable to clean out, and the ballot box stuffers in both parties united to thwart and overreach him. He did not suffer them simply because everybody in St. Louis knew that he was incapable of consciously conniving or winking at any of their dirty work.

THE appointment of Jury Commissioner CARLISLE to succeed WILLIAMS as Recorder of Voters has been sent in. It was held back until the Governor found he could not get the Circuit Judges into a deal with reference to the Jury Commissioner succession, and he will now have to ask the Legislature for a concession of power to fix up St. Louis juries as well as St. Louis registration lists.

THE little dickey bird from Jefferson City which the Globe-Democrat has been anxiously expecting for some time with a message about the appointment of a Recorder of Voters for this city arrived to-day and his message will be found in today's POST-DISPATCH. It was too knowing a dickey bird to be caught in a morning newspaper office with a piece of news.

THE Supreme Court of the State has deprived Kansas City of a large and populous area by declaring its annexation null and void. It was a good enough annexation to last through the census taking period of 1890, however, and with the figures fixed to suit her, Kansas City does not care about the facts.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

J. S. C. FARNELL is not, and never was, a Roman Catholic.

SUBSCRIBER.—A man who bets on a certain cannot win.

ELAINE.—The engagement ring is worn on the third finger of the left hand.

ROSE.—You can attend the firemen's ball as a spectator. Full dress is not obligatory.

READER.—Questions in reference to private property are not answered in this column.

HEAD.—Fishing ice was seen in the river before Dec. 26, 1890, but there was very little of it.

SECRETARY.—The secretary of a society is obliged to comply with all legal instructions given by the president.

READER.—There are a number of publications of the nature you describe. Orders can be given for books direct.

READER.—Nothing is known of the association you mention. Your description is not sufficiently full to admit of identification.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—The Revolutionary War began in 1775 and closed in 1783. The second war with England is known as the war of 1812.

READER.—The historian you refer to is J. A. FROST. It would be impossible to give him as much as you desire with other historians, as opinions differ.

SUBSCRIBER.—The "Battle Hymn of the Republic" can be found in any late collection of American poetry. It has been published in the Century Magazine.

READER.—Fitzsimmons has a record. He has won three fights in this country and a number of them to his credit before coming here. He is a native of England, but was raised in New Zealand.

WANTS A HEARING.

Father Hynes' Latest Letter to Archibishop Kenrick.

HE ASKS WHY NO NOTICE HAS BEEN TAKEN OF HIS BRIEF.

Unless an Audience is Given Him He Will Take an Appeal to Rome—Recent Developments in the Celebrated Case of the Peirce City Pastor Against Bishop Hogan.

A. M. J. Hynes of Peirce City, Mo., the excommunicated Catholic priest, who still performs all the functions of a priest, has determined not to let the subject of his excommunication drop until he makes himself heard in the papal courts at Rome. His latest move has been to address the Very Rev. Archibishop Kenrick in a letter which has been printed and handed to a few friends. The letter reads as follows:

To His Grace, the Metropolitan, the Most Rev. Peter Richard Kenrick, the Archibishop of St. Louis:

In NOMINE DOMINI AMEN.

A. M. J. Hynes, your Obedient Servant, represents to your Excellency that he has been before the Court of St. Louis, a certain mill (or petition) entitled "The Cause of A. M. J. Hynes vs. H. R. Hogan, Bishop of Peirce City." In this cause he has been excommunicated in mandamus—and that he did thereto move (or pray) the Curia to proceed in the matter instantaneo; and that he has been informed by the Holy See that the Holy See will very soon accept his resignation and retire, and that he will accept pastoral care in other quarters and continue life as a priest of the Catholic Church.

2. And now therefore—thirty days having elapsed since the filing of said bill—your Obedient Servant, in order that he may be able to appeal and remove the same to the next court, and sue and petition the Metropolitan Court—*inter alia*—instantaneo—*ad instanciam*—praying that he be informed by the Curia if he has been in bad faith in his action, and that he has not been informed of the date when he will be heard in the papal courts at Rome. To His Grace, the Metropolitan, the Most Rev. Peter Richard Kenrick, the Archibishop of St. Louis:

IN NOMINE DOMINI AMEN.

A. M. J. Hynes, your Obedient Servant, represents to your Excellency that he has been before the Court of St. Louis, a certain mill (or petition) entitled "The Cause of A. M. J. Hynes vs. H. R. Hogan, Bishop of Peirce City." In this cause he has been excommunicated in mandamus—and that he did thereto move (or pray) the Curia to proceed in the matter instantaneo; and that he has been informed by the Holy See that the Holy See will very soon accept his resignation and retire, and that he will accept pastoral care in other quarters and continue life as a priest of the Catholic Church.

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For public opinion, for it's a great power. We'd like to know your opinion of the following: Handsome twilled sergianna, a care, new fabric, very soft and exceedingly stylish; comes in gray and black and white and all of us, black, plaids and stripes, forty-six inches wide and but 50 cents the yard.

We expect a satisfactory opinion from you on this subject to-morrow.

STORE SWEEPINGS.

Hereafter They Must Not Be Put on the Streets.

THE COMMENDABLE DECLARATION OF STREET SUPERINTENDENT DUFFY.

A Movement Which Will Certainly Meet With Popular Approval—Old Ordinances to Prevent the Dumping of Store Dirt Into the Streets to Be Enforced—A Much-needed Reform.

Supt. Duffy of the Street Cleaning Department says he is determined to do his best to make St. Louis a clean city. He has found that many of the abuses which have been practiced here and have made the keeping clean of the streets a difficult task are covered by law and he intends to stop them. One thing which has given the department no little trouble in keeping the streets clean is the custom of stores which have their stores swept out in the morning or deposit dirt and rubbish in the streets, which have just been swept or washed the previous evening. Another difficulty the department has to contend with is the dropping of mud and dirt in the streets by wagons which have been overladen. This, as is generally known, is a serious offense, and there have been numerous arrests and prosecutions under this ordinance. It is not so well known, however, that the sweeping of rubbish or dust from stores or houses into the street is forbidden by law, but Sec. 4 of ordinance 1148, as amended Jan. 1, 1887, covers the case as follows:

Ordinance No. 14,000, entitled, "An ordinance in revision of the ordinances of the city of St. Louis, and to establish new ordinances for the government of the city" (approved April 12, 1887), is hereby amended by striking out Sec. 615, chap. 15, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: Sec. 615. It shall hereafter be unlawful for any person, through cause to be thrown, any kind of dirt, hay, straw or other material, or any kind of advertising matter upon a public highway, or to distribute or cause to be distributed any kind of advertising matter that shall be likely to offend the eye or to paint or cause to be painted any kind of advertising in any sign or signs on any sidewalk, or to swear, or cause to be sworn from any office, office, shop, store, or place of business, or any other place occupied in whole or in part for business, any effus or dirt from the floors of said establishments, or any of them, on to the streets or sidewalks of the city of St. Louis.

SUPT. DUFFY TALKS.

Discussing the matter yesterday Supt. Duffy said: "My attention was first attracted to this case of sweeping the rubbish of stores into the streets one morning after we had washed Washington avenue with a hose the previous night. I strolled down the street rather early to see how it would look after the washing. It looked as clean and pretty as could be except that in front of about a half dozen stores the sweepings were scattered on the sidewalk. These had been swept out of the buildings. It spoilt the whole appearance of the street and of course it was only a short time until the dirt was scattered all over the street. I have my inspectors notifying storekeepers who have been sweeping the dirt that it is against the law and must be stopped. They should either burn their dirt and rubbish in their furnaces or they should place it in a box and have it hauled away. At any rate they will have to dispose of it in some other way than by sweeping it onto the streets. All who have been sweeping since the time that this dirt in the street will be brought into court if they repeat the offense. Of course, where men do it through ignorance we do not wish to have them arrested or give them any trouble and I feel certain that most business men get to understand the matter they do not stop the practice of their own accord, as it is due in many cases to thoughtlessness. If they do not stop it we shall have to take the necessary steps to have it stopped by having them brought up in court."

NOT A CAT COMPLETE DAY.

"I am also told that the street car companies are in the habit of throwing dirt from their tracks on the street to either side of the rails and leaving it piled there to be afterward scattered about by vehicles. I shall investigate this and if found to be true, shall have the companies up in court, as they have all been notified and know better. The offense is covered by sec. 1,28 of ordinance 14,000, which is as follows:

55.75. St. Louis to Chicago. \$5.75.

VIA
RED EXPRESS OF
J. S. E. LINE AND SANTA FE ROUTE.

Ticket offices, 101 North Broadway and Union Depot.

MISS VON GEPPERT ARRESTED.

Charged With Fraud and Embezzlement at Butte City, Mont.

Miss Theresa Von Geppert, who recently returned from Butte City, Mont., where she kept a hotel several years, was arrested in Kirkwood last Saturday in anticipation of the arrival of a representative of the Governor of Montana. She is charged with fraud and embezzlement to the amount of \$1,000, but she claims that she cannot account for only \$400 and that she refused to pay it because the man to whom she sold her hotel assumed the debt, and who relieved her of the obligation with the consent of the party to whom the money was due. She said that she had no funds available to meet her expenses, as she was unable to prove when the time comes. She is now stopping with the family of Mr. August Meyer, where she lived before going to Montana, two years ago.

Lowest Priced House in America for Fine DIAMONDS.

Diamond finger rings..... \$10 to \$200
Diamond ear-rings..... 20 to 2,000
Diamond lace pins..... 20 to 2,000
Diamond bracelets..... 20 to 900
Diamond studs..... 10 to 600
Diamond collar buttons..... 5 to 150
Finest qualities, imported direct. See them at MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., Corner Broadway and Locust. Catalogue, 3,000 engravings, mailed free.

Chinese Cigars Seized.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 20.—The cigar factory of Lum Tong & Co., containing 11,600 cigars, worth about \$5,000, has been seized by the Revenue officers on a charge of selling cigars without stamps.

The Arkansas Treasury.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 20.—The Treasurer and ex-Treasurer of the state are continuing the money and coins in the state Treasury. One hundred and eighty thousand dollars have already been counted.

A Clerical Law Breaker.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Jan. 20.—The Rev. A. M. Dofford of Mortonville was yesterday sentenced to five years at Waupun at hard labor, and in addition will pay a fine of \$300 for the st. James.

For furnaces use Pittsburg coke. Devoy & Feuerborn, sole agents, 705 Pine Street.

Your own channel in the world. Barr's got their reputation of "the great bargain You've got to cut house of America"—consequently of the world—by hard, persistent digging after bargains for you. And we dig as hard now, after forty-odd years, as we did at the start.

Ladies' \$5 shoes to-morrow for \$2.50.

Boys' handsome nine dollar suits for \$6. Beautiful open work damask table sets, Barr's cloth 2½ yards long, napkins to match, but the \$5.50 the set. Odd and slightly imperfect square pieces of China-ware for very, very little; and root of every woman in the country is most honesty, dialy invited to come to Barr's and buy some of that Hamburg embroidery for 7 cents a yard.

Which is more'n some stores we might name do. You buy 40 inch wool suiting for a quarter at Barr's. 'Tain't all wool, talk but we can honestly recommend the cotton bargains part; besides, folks 'ud never suspect the and cotton; plaids and plains. sell 'em. We advise you, when you want to make your money stretch away out as far as it can stretch, to go to Barr's, St. Louis.

JURORS GETTING TIRED.

BLOW PROGRESS OF THE HENNESSY MURDER TRIAL.

Ethel Towne, the Forgeress, Acquitted—Her Crooked Career—Fatally Wounded by a Polander—The Sheedy Tragedy—Other Crimes.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Jan. 20.—The prosecution in the Chief Hennessy murder case has finished and to-day the defense will complain that they cannot stand the slowness of the proceedings longer and ask that night sessions be held.

Ethel Towne Acquitted.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 20.—Ethel Towne, the fat forgeress, was found not guilty by the jury last night. Five ballots were necessary to reach this conclusion, and the deliberations lasted just five hours. The instructions of the Court were favorable to the prisoner, and it was hardly expected that the jury would remain so long. The prisoner passed yesterday suffering from alleged nervous prostration. She was not taken to the jail while the jury was still, but was allowed to remain in the Court-house. Public sympathy has been with the prisoner from the beginning, owing to her youth and beauty. She was confined sixty-six days before and during the trial.

Louise Hager, alias Ethel Towne, alias Emma Joy, alias Ethel, alias Bobbie, etc., born in Brooklyn in the year 1870. Her mother was from a wealthy family, but her father was a gambler, confidence man and all-around crook. He was an expert forger, and while being hunted for one of the numerous crimes he committed he fled to Brazil, taking Louise with him. When he was captured he was a wealthy planter named Hersene for his money. He attempted to fly the country, but was unsuccessful and is now serving a life sentence in the national prison at Rio Janeiro. The Brazilian Government succeeded in getting the girl home to America, but she had died from a broken heart. Louise was then sent to some of Hager's relatives in Chicago, where she lived until she was 18 years of age. Then she ran away with a worthless gambler and was deserted in San Diego. Cal. She then became the adventuress of a man that came to town, a wealthy planter named Hersene for his money. 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SPECIAL MARKET REPORTS.
We and Coffey markets published Tuesdays.
Pearl and Pettit quotations published Wednesdays.
Horse and Mule market published Fridays.

COMMERCIAL.**THE MARKETS IN BRIEF.**

WHEAT—Cash lower. No. 2 red sold at \$1.34-45¢, and No. 3 at \$1.33-43¢-\$0.12¢. May closed higher at 94-1-5¢ and July at 85-1-5¢.

CORN—Higher. Cash No. 2 sold at 47-1-44¢-45¢, and May closed at 48-7-8¢. Oats—Farm Cash. No. 2 sold at 44¢ and May closed higher at 45-8-4¢.

FLOUR—Dull and unchanged.

Closing Prices—1:15 P.M.

ST. LOUIS:	Closing Yesterday.	Highest Today.	Lowest Today.	Closing Today.
WHEAT.				
Jan. 17. 92 n	92	92	92	92 n
May 1. 934 n	934	934	934	934
July 1. 944 n	944	944	944	944
Sept. 1. 94 n	94	94	94	94 n
CORN.				
Jan. 17. 404 b	47	47	47	47 n
May 1. 47 n	47	47	47	47 n
July 1. 484 n	484	484	484	484
Sept. 1. 494 n	494	494	494	50 b
OATS.				
Jan. 1. 34 n	34	34	34	34 n
May 1. 345 n	345	345	345	345 n
July 1. 346 n	346	346	346	346 n
Sept. 1. 346 n	346	346	346	346 n
CHICAGO—Reported by Frank J. Brown, rooms 130 and 132, Chamber of Commerce.				
WHEAT.				
May 1. 924 n	924	924	924	924 n
July 1. 934 n	934	934	934	934 n
Sept. 1. 944 n	944	944	944	944 n
CORN.				
May 1. 404 b	47	47	47	47 n
July 1. 47 n	47	47	47	47 n
Sept. 1. 484 n	484	484	484	484
Oct. 1. 494 n	494	494	494	50 b
OATS.				
May 1. 34 n	34	34	34	34 n
July 1. 345 n	345	345	345	345 n
Sept. 1. 346 n	346	346	346	346 n
CHICAGO—Reported by Frank J. Brown, rooms 130 and 132, Chamber of Commerce.				
WHEAT.				
May 1. 924 n	924	924	924	924 n
July 1. 934 n	934	934	934	934 n
Sept. 1. 944 n	944	944	944	944 n
CORN.				
May 1. 404 b	47	47	47	47 n
July 1. 47 n	47	47	47	47 n
Sept. 1. 484 n	484	484	484	484
Oct. 1. 494 n	494	494	494	50 b
OATS.				
May 1. 34 n	34	34	34	34 n
July 1. 345 n	345	345	345	345 n
Sept. 1. 346 n	346	346	346	346 n
CHICAGO—Reported by Frank J. Brown, rooms 130 and 132, Chamber of Commerce.				
WHEAT.				
May 1. 924 n	924	924	924	924 n
July 1. 934 n	934	934	934	934 n
Sept. 1. 944 n	944	944	944	944 n
CORN.				
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CHICAGO—Reported by Frank J. Brown, rooms 130 and 132, Chamber of Commerce.				
WHEAT.				
May 1. 924 n	924	924	924	924 n
July 1. 93				

**THE
DELICATESSEN LUNCH ROOMS,**
716 N. Broadway 116 N. Fourth St.
718 Olive St., 124 Olive St.

CITY NEWS.

Dr. E. C. Chase,

Corner of 9th and Olive streets. Set of teeth, \$8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsmore, 114 Pine st.

HONORS EVEN.

Alberts Won His First But Lost His Second Suit Against the Merchants' Exchange.

The suspension of C. H. Alberts by the Merchants' Exchange in 1888 was followed by the filling of a suit in the Circuit Court against the directors of the Exchange. Mr. Alberts had been fined for smoking on the floor of the Exchange and had then been suspended and denied the privilege of the floor on account of his refusal to pay the fine. The first suit was for an injunction to compel the board to reinstate him in the position of director, and this was won by Mr. Alberts. The second suit questioned the authority of the board to spend \$1,300 of the Exchange's money in entertaining the members of the Pan-American Congress, in paying a debt of \$75 incurred by the Reeds, and in the cost of erecting a building in an effort to secure a building site for the Exchange and in contributing \$250 in hall rent to the Farmers' and Laborers' Union, and asked the court to compel the individual directors to pay the amounts thus expended into the treasury of the Exchange. Judge Fisher has sustained the defendant's demurral to the second suit and it will be thrown out of court unless the Supreme Court reverses the decision. In the third suit Mr. Alberts is endeavoring to recover \$50,000 from the directors of the Exchange as damages for the reason of his exclusion one of from the floors of the Exchange, and by reason further of the consequential damages sustained to character, business credit, etc.

Hear the Soul of a Krakauer.

Piano sing. To hear it is to buy it. It stays in tune twice as long as any other piano and lasts a lifetime. Koerber Piano Co., 1103 Olive. Agents for the world-renowned Knabe pianos.

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

Location of Five of the Buildings Decided Upon.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 19.—It is now a certainty that five of the World's Fair buildings are to be placed on the lake front, directly opposite and stretching north and south from the Auditorium. The matter was settled last night at a meeting of Michigan avenue property owners, who finally withdrew their objections and formally agreed to the requests of the World's Fair Committee. The Illinois Central Railroad is yet to be dealt with by the directors, but whatever the railroad company does for the five buildings on the lake front is to stand. If the railroad company can be induced to remove its tracks further eastward, however, the location may be changed. The buildings of the Fair will be greatly enhanced. The five lake front buildings are to be one permanent and four temporary. The permanent structure will be the Art Palace, the Electrical Building and the Music Hall.

SENSATIONAL SCENE IN A THEATER.

An English Sailor Commits Suicide During the Performance.

New York, Jan. 20.—A San Francisco special says advice have been received there from Sidney, saying that a sensational scene was recently witnessed during a performance by Mrs. Potter and Kylie Bell in "Hero and Leander." The curtain had fallen on the first act, and Mrs. Potter and Bell were bowing in front of it, in response to a recall. At this moment John Payne, a member of the Royal Academy, sprang from the stage, drew a revolver and shot himself in the abdomen. He fell heavily forward, breaking one of the electric footlights. The wildest excitement prevailed. Women screamed, and Mrs. Potter fainted. The wounded man was taken behind the scenes, and Mr. Bell addressed the audience with encouraging words, but the man died soon afterward. The performance was continued.

The Merchants'

Restaurant and oyster-house, 615 and 618 Washington avenue and 619 St. Charles street. Ladies' parlor now open. Entrance 618 St. Charles street. E. A. Koerner & Co., proprietors.

Ich Bin Dein.

The Journal of Education commends this interesting poem in five languages—English, French, German, Greek and Latin—as one of the best specimens of Macaronic verse in existence, and worthy of preservation by all collectors.

THE RING.

Many champions have fallen hard and sudden, but few with the severity and speed of Jack Dempsey, writes Macon. His skill and quickness were so great that, though he was never more than a good ten-stone man, his many victims were men bigger, stronger and heavier than he, and finally deceived him and his admirers into the belief that, barring the champion of all champions, he was virtually invincible.

His defeat by La Blanche did not naturally change this opinion, for it was looked upon as an unlucky duke due to a chance blow, but the fight with Bob Fitzsimmons in the most remarkable manner the old sporting proverb: "A good little man cannot whip a good big one."

Now let me say right here that, though there was less than five pounds difference in the weight of the Australian and Dempsey, the latter was the heavier. The tank-like body of the former was a decided improvement. Shallow boxes have been put in and the water will be only eight or nine inches deep. This change is made with the idea of causing the water to move with a freer current. Oars with full blades are now being used, and apparently they can be driven faster than ever before. Sweet finally escaped.

The sophomores are the only ones using the tank just now, but the "Varsity" candidates will take a turn in a few days. The latter are taking their exercise in the weights, coached along by Capt. Perkins. I have seen his spar with Cobham, Tom Allen and Jim McLean, and make a rattling good showing with them, too. In fact, they could do nothing with him as long as they played lightly. They had to put steam to their blows to keep him from getting all over them.

Weil, Fitzsimmons is better than Juke Kilkenny, Ashton, Joe Lannon or George Godfrey, and his frame is as large as either's. Up to the time that he defeated Billy McCarthy in California he was as poor as a church mouse. He didn't have the money to pay for even a steamer passage from Melbourne, and he came across the ocean a day or two away, and worked his passage after his discovery on the ship by washing down the decks and such like employment. A pint of porter or a dram of grog was the extent of his liquid refreshment a year ago. Now he is drinking like a shark, and the way he has done it is to drink his beer in a glass and swallow it, and his frame is as good as ever, and Capt. Perkins is at a loss to know what to do. If a coach is to be provided it would certainly seem best to have him take hold of the oarsmen before they had become accustomed to the new style of rowing.

The Australian is the biggest man for his weight I ever saw, with one exception, and that was the late Tom Ryan, the sporting printer. Tom was five feet ten inches tall, if memory rightly, and could fight well and swim well, too. I have seen his spar with Cobham, Tom Allen and Jim McLean, and make a rattling good showing with them, too. In fact, they could do nothing with him as long as they played lightly. They had to put steam to their blows to keep him from getting all over them.

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